## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- A method for loading a drug onto an endovascular device, said method comprising the steps of:
  - electrodepositing an hydrophobic molecule containing a diazonium moiety onto the surface of an endovascular device to obtain a functionalized surface of said device; and
  - depositing passively a lipophilic drug onto said functionalized surface, said drug binding to the diazonium moiety of the molecule for slow elution into a tissue when said device is brought in contact with said tissue in vivo.
- The method of claim 1, wherein the endovascular device is made of stainless steel.
- 3. The method of claim 2, wherein the hydrophobic molecule is selected from the group consisting of 4-decycloxyphenyl diazonium chloride zinc chloride, 3-ethoxycarbonyl naphtalene diazonium tetrafluoroborate, 3,5-dichlorophenyl diazonium tetrafluoroborate, 2-chloro-4-benzamido-5-methylbenzene diazonium chloride

hemizinc chloride, and 4-bromobenzene diazonium tetrafluoroborate.

- The method of claim 2, wherein the drug is selected from the group consisting of proliferative agent, anti-inflammatory agent, antithrombotic drug, bioactive agent which promotes healing of a tissue, anti-neoplastic drug, anti-coagulant, fibrinolytic agent, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID), steroidal anti-inflammatory drug, sodium channel blocker and calcium channel blocker, nitric oxide donor, alpha-adrenoceptor blocker, genetic material containing DNA and RNA, antibody, prostaglandin, leukotriene, elastin, collagen, integrin, growth factor, radioactive molecule.
  - 5. The method of claim 4, wherein the antineoplastic drug is selected from the group consisting of alkylating agent, antimetabolite, antibiotic, mitotic inhibitor, hormone.
  - The method of claim 5, wherein the alkylating agent is cisplatin or melphalan.

- 7. The method of claim 5, wherein the antimetabolite is methotraxate or 5-fluorouracil.
- 8. The method of claim 5, wherein the antibiotic is actinomycin D, bleomycin or rapamycin.
- 9. The method of claim 5, wherein the mitotic inhibitor is selected from the group consisting of vincristine, vinblastine, paclitaxel, and colchicine.
- 10. The method of claim 5, wherein the hormone is prednisone or tamoxifen.
- 11. The method of claim 4, wherein the fibrinolytic agent is streptokinase or urokinase.
- 12. The method of claim 4, wherein the NSAID is ibuprofen or naproxen.
- 13. The method of claim 4, wherein the steroidal anti-inflammatory drug is prednisone.
- 14. The method of claim 4, wherein the sodium channel blocker is lidocaine or procainamide.

- 15. The method of claim 4, wherein the calcium channel blocker is nifedipine or verapamil.
- 16. The method of claim 4, wherein the nitric oxide donor is nitroglycerin.
- 17. The method of claim 4, wherein the alpha-adrenoceptor blocker is phentolamine or prazosin.
- 18. The method of claim 4, wherein the anticoagulant is heparin or coumarin.
- 19. The method of any one of claims 1 to 18, wherein the step of depositing passively the drug is effected in an organic solvent.
- 20. The method of claim 19, wherein the organic solvent is ethanol or acetonitrile.
- 21. A drug-eluting endovascular device comprising:
  - an endovascular device;

- an hydrophobic linker molecule containing a diazonium moiety electrodeposited onto the surface of the endovascular device; and
- a lipophilic drug passively deposited on the linker molecule, said drug binding to the linker molecule through hydrophobic interactions for elution from the endovascular device over time.
- 22. The endovascular device of claim 21, wherein the device is selected from the group consisting of balloon-expandable stent, self-expandable stent, and graft.
- 23. The endovascular device of claim 21, wherein said endovascular device is made of stainless steel.
- 24. The endovascular device of claim 23, wherein the hydrophobic linker molecule is selected from the group consisting of 4-decycloxyphenyl diazonium chloride zinc chloride, 3-ethoxycarbonyl naphtalene diazonium tetrafluoroborate, 3,5-dichlorophenyl diazonium tetrafluoroborate, 2-chloro-4-benzamido-5-methylbenzene

diazonium chloride hemizinc chloride, and 4bromobenzene diazonium tetrafluoroborate.

- 25. The endovascular device of claim 23, wherein the drug is selected from the group consisting of antiproliferative agent, anti-inflammatory agent, antithrombotic drug, conversion enzyme inhibitor, bioactive agent which promotes healing of a tissue, antineoplastic drug, anti-coagulant, fibrinolytic agent, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID), steroidal anti-inflammatory drug and channel blocker and calcium channel blocker, nitric oxide donor, alphaadrenoceptor blocker, genetic material containing DNA and RNA, antibody, prostaglandin, leukotriene, elastin, collagen, integrin, growth factor, radioactive molecule.
- 26. The endovascular device of claim 25, wherein the anti-neoplastic drug is selected from the group consisting of alkylating agent, antimetabolite, antibiotic, mitotic inhibitor, hormone.
- 27. The endovascular device of claim 26, wherein the alkylating agent is cisplatin or melphalan.

- 28. The endovascular device of claim 26, wherein the antimetabolite is methotraxate or 5-fluorouracil.
- 29. The endovascular device of claim 26, wherein the antibiotic is actinomycin D, bleomycin or rapamycin.
- 30. The endovascular device of claim 26, wherein the mitotic inhibitor is selected from the group consisting of vincristine, vinblastine, paclitaxel, and colchicine.
- 31. The endovascular device of claim 26, wherein the hormone is prednisone or tamoxifen.
- 32. The endovascular device of claim 25, wherein the fibrinolytic agent is streptokinase or urokinase.
- 33. The endovascular device of claim 25, wherein the NSAID is ibuprofen or naproxen.
- 34. The endovascular device of claim 25, wherein the steroidal anti-inflammatory drug is prednisone.

- 35. The endovascular device of claim 25, wherein the sodium channel blocker is lidocaine or procainamide.
- 36. The endovascular device of claim 25, wherein the calcium channel blocker is nifedipine or verapamil.
- 37. The endovascular device of claim 25, wherein the nitric oxide donor is nitroglycerin.
- 38. The endovascular device of claim 25, wherein the alpha-adrenoceptor blocker is phentolamine or prazosin.
- 39. The endovascular device of claim 25, wherein the anti-coagulant is heparin or coumarin.
- 40. The endovascular device of claim 23 characterized in that said device is a stent or a coil.